

英 語

(答えは全て解答用紙に記入しなさい。)

1. 次の英文を読んで、(1)~(5)の選択肢から、本文の内容に最も合うものをそれぞれ1つずつ選び、記号で答えなさい。

Parks and People

People like parks. Children can enjoy playing sports or music. Some people enjoy reading books there. Parks are everywhere and always open to us. There are a lot of famous parks in the world. For example, Central Park in New York is one of them. People started to build it in 1857 and it opened in 1873. Every year, about 40,000,000 people visit the park from many countries. Some music festivals are held every summer. Young people enjoy playing tennis, volleyball or American football.

There is another big park, Hyde Park in London. It opened in 1637. Many people come to the park with their lunch. They sleep under the beautiful trees after having lunch.

In Japan, there are many famous parks, too. Do you know Ueno Park in Tokyo? In spring, a lot of people from around Japan come to see beautiful flowers. Tourists take some pictures of them, have lunch and feel very happy.

Some cities have developed with parks. People come to the parks and sell foods, flowers or clothes to the tourists. Those small shops have grown into large shops or department stores. Near some large parks, there are train stations. You can usually walk to the parks easily from those stations. Nice restaurants are also near the large and famous parks. For example, around Central Park in New York, there are about 10,000 restaurants. You can have Asian, American or Italian foods.

When we think about parks, there are some other important things. One of them is safety. Older people enjoy walking in the park. They sometimes bring their *¹*grandchildren* there. For them, a park is an important place to talk to others without worrying about any accidents by cars. For children, a park is a place to play sports or to meet their friends. Some children enjoy playing soccer or baseball with their friends.

Parks are also used for another *²*purpose*. For example, they are sometimes used as an *³*evacuation place*. In 2011, a big earthquake happened in Tohoku, and many people used them. People could cook lunch or dinner in some parks in Miyagi and Fukushima because they could get clean water to drink or to wash their hands there. They helped each other and tried to live *⁴*more happily*. *⁵*In other words*, parks can be a big help in our lives.

Do you have memories about parks? Parks are necessary to us because they give us a lot of fun and chances to spend *⁶*heartwarming* times.

【注釈】

*1: grandchildren 「孫たち」

*2: purpose 「目的」

*3: evacuation place 「避難場所」

*4: more happily 「より幸せに」

*5: in other words 「つまり」

*6: heartwarming 「心温まる」

(1)

- ア. Central Park and Hyde Park were not built in the same city.
- イ. Central Park is the largest and most famous park in the world.
- ウ. About 40,000,000 people from Japan come to Central Park every year.
- エ. You can see more music festivals in Central Park than in other parks.

(2)

- ア. Ueno Park is the most famous place for taking pictures in Japan.
- イ. Many people visit Ueno Park to see pictures of the beautiful flowers in spring.
- ウ. Ueno Park is open to everyone in spring but you cannot visit it in winter.
- エ. You can enjoy taking some pictures in Ueno Park in spring.

(3)

- ア. You can find about 10,000 restaurants in some large parks.
- イ. You can have lunch or dinner in every park in America.
- ウ. You can visit some large parks easily because they are not far from train stations.
- エ. You cannot find large stores near some large parks now.

(4)

- ア. It is important for older people to play sports with their grandchildren in the park.
- イ. It is important for older people to feel safe in the park.
- ウ. It is important for children to play sports with older people in the park.
- エ. It is important for children to bring older people to the park.

(5)

- ア. Some people could not spend their time in any parks in Miyagi and Fukushima in 2011.
- イ. When a big earthquake happened in Tohoku, parks were not open to everyone.
- ウ. Parks are important for us because they sometimes help us in our lives.
- エ. Memories about parks always hurt everyone.

2. 次の会話文を読んで、(1)～(5)の問いに答えなさい。解答は与えられた選択肢から、最も適するものをそれぞれ1つずつ選び、記号で答えなさい。

アメリカ人留学生 Tom が同じ学校に通うカナと放課後に教室で会話をしています。

Kana : Hi, Tom. How are you?

Tom : Very good, thank you. I want to buy a birthday present for my sister. Do you have any good ideas? I don't have any ideas.

Kana : When is her birthday and how old is she?

Tom : It's January 26th. She will be ten years old next week.

Kana : OK. What does she like to do?

Tom : She sometimes plays the piano. She has swimming lessons with my mother. She is also interested in reading books. I have seen a lot of books in her room. She often walks to a bookstore or a library with my mother on Sundays.

Kana : Oh, really? In my opinion, books are the best for her. What kind of books does she like?

Tom : She often reads “*¹ Harry Potter” or “*² Twilight.” She loves them.

Kana : I also like them. I recommend a popular book to your sister. Has she ever read “*³ The Never Ending Story”? A German writer, Michael Ende, wrote the book. He wrote some other stories. For example, “*⁴ Momo” is famous.

Tom : I see. Tell me more about “The Never Ending Story.”

Kana : It's a story about a boy. He is nine or ten years old. One day, he finds a book *⁵ *by accident*. He enters the world of the book and goes to a lot of places to save the world.

Tom : That's interesting!

Kana : I became very excited to read the story when I was little. My mother gave me “The Never Ending Story.” The story also tells us some important things about life. It says, “Love is important.” It also says, “We should use time *⁶ *more effectively*.” To read books sometimes gives us something very important. Books can help us when we are not happy.

Tom : Before I give the book to my sister, I really want to know the whole story.

Kana : I will bring mine to you if you want. You can read it in a short time.

Tom : Thank you, but it always takes a lot of time to finish reading a book.

Kana : In that case, you can also watch the movie to understand the story well.

Tom : OK. I will watch it! Thank you.

【注釈】

*1: Harry Potter「ハリーポッター(書名)」

*2: Twilight「トワイライト(書名)」

*3: The Never Ending Story「はてしない物語(書名)」

*4: Momo「モモ(書名)」

*5: by accident「偶然に」

*6: more effectively「より効果的に」

- (1) How old is Tom's sister?
- ア. Eight.
 - イ. Nine.
 - ウ. Ten.
 - エ. Eleven.
- (2) When is this conversation? *conversation 「会話」
- ア. January 19th.
 - イ. January 26th.
 - ウ. January 28th.
 - エ. January 30th.
- (3) Which book does Kana recommend to Tom's sister?
- ア. Harry Potter
 - イ. Twilight
 - ウ. The Never Ending Story
 - エ. Momo
- (4) What does "The Never Ending Story" tell us?
- ア. Help people when they are sad.
 - イ. To read books is very important.
 - ウ. Watch the movie before you read the story.
 - エ. Love and time are important.
- (5) What will Tom do before he gives the book to her sister?
- ア. He will read the book.
 - イ. He will watch the movie.
 - ウ. He will call his sister.
 - エ. He will talk to Kana again.

3. 次の各文の()に入る最も適切なものをそれぞれ1つずつ選び、記号で答えなさい。

- (1) She is good () Chinese food.
ア. for cooking イ. at cooking ウ. with cooking エ. to cooking
- (2) Is Mike home now? – No. He has () to the library.
ア. going イ. went ウ. go エ. gone
- (3) You () very tired yesterday.
ア. see イ. saw ウ. look エ. looked
- (4) The magazine is () at the station.
ア. sells イ. sold ウ. to sell エ. sell
- (5) How many () have you read this book? – Only twice.
ア. times イ. time ウ. often エ. sometimes
- (6) How did you come to the station? – ().
ア. Last week イ. At three ウ. On foot エ. About one hour
- (7) When did you come to Japan? – ().
ア. For three years イ. Since last year ウ. It's three years エ. Three years ago
- (8) Use English in this room () we cannot understand Japanese.
ア. before イ. after ウ. because エ. so
- (9) My English teacher was () him after school.
ア. waiting for イ. waiting ウ. waited for エ. waited
- (10) Get up now, () you will be late for school.
ア. and イ. or ウ. when エ. so

4. 次の英文が完成した文になるように並べ替え、()内で2番目と4番目にくる最も適切なものをそれぞれ1つずつ選び、番号で答えなさい。ただし文頭にくる語も小文字にしている。

- (1) James (1. to / 2. Japanese songs / 3. listens / 4. in / 5. always) the bus.
- (2) We will (1. a bus / 2. we catch / 3. arrive at / 4. if / 5. the city) at the bus stop.
- (3) I want to (1. my / 2. some flowers / 3. for / 4. mother / 5. buy) at the shop.
- (4) (1. was / 2. teacher / 3. by my / 4. called / 5. my name) in the classroom.
- (5) (1. the baseball game / 2. was / 3. where / 4. held / 5. two days) ago?
- (6) (1. come / 2. time / 3. have to / 4. do we / 5. what) to the library?
- (7) (1. TV / 2. what did / 3. on / 4. you / 5. watch) last night?
- (8) We were (1. when / 2. at the station / 3. it / 4. to / 5. began) rain.
- (9) (1. can / 2. a bus / 3. where / 4. to go / 5. I take) to Okayama?
- (10) (1. in / 2. does / 3. what / 4. this word / 5. mean) Japanese?

5. 日本語の意味に合うように、英文の()に入る最も適切な単語をそれぞれ1つずつ答えなさい。

(1) 窓を開けましょうか。

() () open the window?

(2) 彼はまだ宿題を終えていません。

He has () finished his homework ().

(3) 私は彼の話聞いてとても驚いた。

I was very () () hear his story.

(4) 彼女は11月に日本にやって来るでしょう。

She will come to Japan () ().

(5) 誰が昨日、君にその本を持ってきてくれたのですか。

() () the book to you yesterday?

(6) あなたはそのお店でお金をいくら払ったのですか。

How () money did you () at the store?

(7) その本はいつ書かれたのですか。

When () the book ()?

(8) 彼女は5時にその町に着くために車を速く運転した。

She () the car fast () get to the town at five.

(9) 私のおばさんは来週の木曜日に東京に行く。

My () will go to Tokyo next ().

(10) 私が昨日弟を見た時に、彼はその川に沿って走っていました。

My brother was () () the river when I saw him yesterday.

6. 次の単語のうち、下線部の発音が他の3つと異なるものをそれぞれ1つずつ選び、記号で答えなさい。

(1) ア. church イ. machine ウ. chair エ. reach

(2) ア. east イ. eat ウ. meant エ. each

(3) ア. guitar イ. art ウ. war エ. dark

(4) ア. them イ. than ウ. there エ. three

(5) ア. long イ. done ウ. won エ. son

7. 次の[A][B]の会話文を読んで、その会話が成立するよう、()に入る最も適切なものをそれぞれ下から1つずつ選び、記号で答えなさい。ただし、同じ記号を2度使うことはできない。

[A] 高校生のコウジが、英会話の Luke 先生と会話をしています。

Luke : Koji, what are you going to do this winter?

Koji : I am going to stay home and study English.

Luke : How do you study?

Koji : I use my computer. I have a lot of friends around the world. (1) I am going to meet them by my computer.

Luke : (2) My son sometimes uses a computer when he studies some languages, too.

Koji : Really? Does he live with you?

Luke : No, he doesn't. He is in Los Angeles now. He is studying French with his friends in France. (3)

Koji : Yes, I know. It is very difficult for us to ^{*1} *have a conversation* with my friends in New York. (4) Some of them are sleeping.

Luke : There are a lot of ^{*2} *benefits* if you use a computer. We can become friends with each other if we use it. You can find some ^{*3} *conversation partners*. I hope you enjoy meeting them. (5)

Koji : Great! I hope you enjoy learning Japanese with them. Good luck!

【注釈】

*1 have a conversation 「会話をする」

*2 benefits 「利点」

*3 conversation partners 「会話相手」

ア. Oh, I love your idea.

イ. I am sometimes invited by my son, but I am sleeping when he invites me.

ウ. I also want to find some Japanese friends to learn Japanese more.

エ. For example, I have some friends in New York.

オ. It is about 11 p.m. when I want to call them during my lunch time.

[B] カナダ留学から帰国したサキが、電話で英会話の Anny 先生と会話をしています。

Anny : Saki, how was your school life in Canada? Did you enjoy everything?

Saki : Yes, I did. I was very happy with life in Canada.

Anny : Have you been to some beautiful places there?

Saki : Yes. Grace, my Canadian friend, took me to beautiful parks. Her father took her family and me to some beautiful places by his car. (6) Grace's mother told me about Canadian foods. I even cooked some foods with her.

Anny : (7) Can you talk about your experiences in my class next week?

Saki : OK, I will. Can I bring some pictures and books? (8)

Anny : Oh, nice. I'm also going to bring some English books. (9)

Saki : That's a good idea. I want to listen to beautiful English songs, too. When I was in Canada, I took music lessons. I sang two songs with my friends in the class, so I listened to Canadian songs every day.

Anny : (10)

Saki : OK. I am glad to talk about my life in Canada.

カ. I want to listen more to your stories about your life in Canada.

キ. I want to show the pictures and books to my classmates.

ク. Can you sing some songs in English?

ケ. He talked about some places in Canada while he was driving a car.

コ. I want to read them with you.

受験番号

2022年度 入学試験

※
得点

英語解答用紙

◎受験番号のみ記入すること。

※印のところは記入しないこと。

1	(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	※	
2	(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	※	
3	(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	※	
	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)		
4	2番目	4番目	2番目	4番目	2番目	4番目	※
	(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	
4	2番目	4番目	2番目	4番目	2番目	4番目	※
	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	
5	(1)						※
	(2)						
	(3)						
	(4)						
	(5)						
	(6)						
	(7)						
	(8)						
	(9)						
	(10)						
6	(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	※	
7	(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	※	
	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)		

受 験 番 号

2 0 2 2 年 度 入 学 試 験

※
得 点

英 語 解 答 用 紙

◎受験番号のみ記入すること。

※印のところは記入しないこと。

1	(1)	ア	(2)	エ	(3)	ウ	(4)	イ	(5)	ウ	※ 3点×5
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2	(1)	イ	(2)	ア	(3)	ウ	(4)	エ	(5)	イ	※ 2点×5
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3	(1)	イ	(2)	エ	(3)	エ	(4)	イ	(5)	ア	※ 1点×10
	(6)	ウ	(7)	エ	(8)	ウ	(9)	ア	(10)	イ	

4	(1)	2番目 3	4番目 2	(2)	2番目 5	4番目 2	(3)	2番目 2	4番目 1	(4)	2番目 1	4番目 3	(5)	2番目 2	4番目 4	※ 2点×10 (完答)
	(6)	2番目 2	4番目 3	(7)	2番目 4	4番目 3	(8)	2番目 1	4番目 5	(9)	2番目 1	4番目 2	(10)	2番目 2	4番目 5	

5	(1)	Shall				I				※ 2点×10 (完答)
	(2)	not				yet				
	(3)	surprised				to				
	(4)	in				November				
	(5)	Who				brought				
	(6)	much				pay / use / spend				
	(7)	was				written				
	(8)	drove				to				
	(9)	aunt				Thursday				
	(10)	running				along				

6	(1)	イ	(2)	ウ	(3)	ウ	(4)	エ	(5)	ア	※ 1点×5
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7	(1)	エ	(2)	ア	(3)	イ	(4)	オ	(5)	ウ	※ 2点×10
	(6)	ケ	(7)	カ	(8)	キ	(9)	コ	(10)	ク	