

## 英 語

(答えは全て解答用紙に記入しなさい。)

1. 次の英文を読んで、(1)～(5)の選択肢から、本文の内容に最も合うものをそれぞれ1つずつ選び、記号で答えなさい。

### Living with Bikes

We can see a lot of bikes every day. <sup>\*1</sup>*A survey indicates that* about 66 % of the people in Japan have bikes. Many people think that cars or trains are better, but bikes are very useful for us. We use them when we go to school or work. We often use them to go shopping, too. We can also become healthier and stronger. We can have many <sup>\*2</sup>*benefits* when we use them. Famous singers, actors, and sports players also like using bikes. In some cities, there are roads for bikes. Bikes are sometimes faster than trains or buses. Some companies in Japan pay some money for their workers to buy bikes.

In the 19th century, Japanese people used bikes for the first time. <sup>\*3</sup>*In the 1950s*, bikes became popular among women, too. They often used bikes to go shopping. Children also began to use them to go to school. In some places in Japan, there were no buses or trains. It took a lot of time to walk to school. So, bikes were used by many children.

<sup>\*4</sup>*With the increase of* bikes, some problems have happened. First, there are more <sup>\*5</sup>*accidents* between people and bikes than before. Two years ago, about 680 bike accidents happened in Japan. Second, every city in Japan doesn't have many <sup>\*6</sup>*parking places for bikes*. More parking places for bikes were made than before there, but they are not enough and they are also expensive, so some people put their bikes in front of the doors of the shops. <sup>\*7</sup>*Shop owners* get angry when they see those bikes.

Bikes are used in different ways in some cities in the world. In Paris, for example, there are about 20,000 bikes. Anyone can always use them, so Japanese people can also ride those bikes. They can enjoy going around the city very easily. In New York, there are a lot of roads for bikes. The number of the accidents between people and bikes has become smaller there.

Some companies in Japan started a new <sup>\*8</sup>*service*. People can <sup>\*9</sup>*rent* a bike when they want to use it. It costs only one hundred yen for thirty minutes. People can pay for it by card. They can see the number of the bikes on the Internet or with their smart phones. Now, we should think about bikes once again more carefully.

### 【注釈】

- \*1: A survey indicates that 「ある調査によれば」      \*2: benefits 「利点、良いところ」  
\*3: in the 1950s 「1950年代には」                      \*4: with the increase of ～ 「～の増加とともに」  
\*5: accidents 「事故」                                      \*6: parking places for bikes 「駐輪場」  
\*7: shop owners 「店主(達)」                              \*8: service 「サービス」  
\*9: rent ～ 「(有料で) ～を借りる」

(1)

- ア. More than 60 % of the people have bikes, but many people like using cars and trains in Japan.
- イ. More people think that it is better to use bikes than to use cars and trains.
- ウ. More people don't want to use money from the company to buy their bikes.
- エ. More than 60 % of the people in Japan use bikes only when they go shopping.

(2)

- ア. Bikes became popular in the 19th century in Japan.
- イ. In some places in Japan, many children used bikes because it was hard to go to school.
- ウ. Only women in Japan bought bikes to go shopping in the 1950s.
- エ. In some places in Japan, some children had bikes because they also went shopping.

(3)

- ア. The number of accidents between people and bikes have become larger than before.
- イ. There are more accidents between two bikes than before.
- ウ. People in some cities are happy to see a lot of parking places around them.
- エ. People in some cities get angry when someone puts a bike in front of their houses.

(4)

- ア. Japanese people always use 20,000 bikes in Paris and New York.
- イ. There are about 20,000 bikes only for Japanese people in Paris.
- ウ. Japanese people try to change the situation about roads for bikes in Paris.
- エ. Japanese people can also use the bikes in Paris when they visit the city.

(5)

- ア. People can rent a bike at some companies in the world.
- イ. People can rent a bike with two hundred yen for one hour with a new service.
- ウ. People can rent a bike with one thousand yen for one day with a new service.
- エ. People can use their cards when they see the number of the bikes on the Internet.

2. 次の会話文を読んで、(1)～(5)の問いに答えなさい。解答は与えられた選択肢から、最も適するものをそれぞれ1つずつ選び、記号で答えなさい。

大阪に住むミドリがハワイに住む Emma と、ビデオ通話で会話をしています。

Midori : Hi, Emma. How are you?

Emma : Happy New Year! What time is it now in Osaka?

Midori : The new year came to Japan two hours ago. I'm tired, but I am so happy to talk to you. What time is it in Hawaii?

Emma : It is seven in the morning of the last day of 2020. It is hot today.

Midori : Wow. It was very cold in Osaka yesterday. I was at home and cleaned the house with my father and brother. In the afternoon, I cooked the special meal for the New Year's Days with my mother.

Emma : Are you busy every year in December?

Midori : Yes, I am. I have had a lot of things to do since my winter vacation began. I am a member of the basketball team. I practiced in the morning from December 22nd to 25th. I had some basketball games on December 26th. After the practice, I studied at the <sup>\*1</sup>*cram school*. I started to study there on the first day in December.

Emma : What is that?

Midori : It <sup>\*2</sup>*is similar to* school. We can study there <sup>\*3</sup>*individually* or in a group after school. I always go and study there from 19:00 to 21:00. I have no lessons today and I will start studying at the cram school again on January 4th. Two days after from that, my school starts again.

Emma : Oh, <sup>\*4</sup>*it sounds unusual to us*.

Midori : I want to <sup>\*5</sup>*pass the examination* for a high school this year. On the first school day in January, my mother and I have to talk to my teacher. This is very important.

Emma : Do you have to study every day?

Midori : Yes, but I watched a movie in the afternoon on December 28th with my friends. After watching it, I studied at the cram school from 20:00 to 22:00. I enjoy studying there because I can meet my friends, and the teachers are very kind.

Emma : I don't want to study so hard in such a season, but I like to go to Japan because winter in Japan is always very beautiful.

Midori : Yes, it is. I am going to visit my grandmother tomorrow. We can see a lot of snow there.

Emma : I want to go there, too! I have never seen snow. Can I go to your grandmother's house?

Midori : Yes, you can. Can you come to Japan next year? I want to be with you next year.

【注釈】

\* 1: cram school 「学習塾」

\* 2: be similar to ～ 「～と似ている」

\* 3: individually 「個人的に」

\* 4: it sounds unusual to us. 「私達とは違うわね。」

\* 5: pass the examination 「試験に合格する」

(1) When did Midori talk to Emma?

- ア. at 7:00 on January 1st in Hawaii
- イ. at 2:00 on January 1st in Hawaii
- ウ. at 12:00 on January 1st in Japan
- エ. at 2:00 on January 1st in Japan

(2) What did Midori do on December 31st?

- ア. She stayed at home and cleaned the house with her family.
- イ. She stayed at home in the morning and studied at the cram school in the evening.
- ウ. She stayed at home in the morning and visited her grandmother in the afternoon.
- エ. She stayed at home in the morning and talked to Emma in the afternoon.

(3) How long has Midori studied at the cram school?

- ア. about one month
- イ. about two months
- ウ. about three months
- エ. about four months

(4) When does Midori's mother have to go to school.

- ア. on January 4th
- イ. on January 5th
- ウ. on January 6th
- エ. on January 7th

(5) When is Midori going to visit her grandmother?

- ア. on January 1st
- イ. on January 2nd
- ウ. on January 3rd
- エ. on January 4th

3. 次の各文の( )に入る最も適切なものをそれぞれ1つずつ選び、記号で答えなさい。

- (1) Ken sometimes ( ) his room.  
ア. cleans                      イ. is cleaning                      ウ. is cleaned                      エ. clean
- (2) Mike has worked at my school ( ) two years.  
ア. with                      イ. for                      ウ. at                      エ. when
- (3) ( ) I bring you a cup of water?                      - Yes, please.  
ア. Please                      イ. Will                      ウ. Let's                      エ. Shall
- (4) My brother ( ) Tokyo three times.  
ア. have gone to                      イ. has been to                      ウ. went                      エ. goes to
- (5) How far is ( ) from here to the station?                      - 200 meters.  
ア. it                      イ. that                      ウ. this                      エ. there
- (6) What is the ( ) mountain in Japan?                      - It's Mt. Fuji.  
ア. higher                      イ. highest                      ウ. high                      エ. higher than
- (7) My sister ( ) the bus at 7:45 this morning.  
ア. is used                      イ. has used                      ウ. used                      エ. uses
- (8) I like ( ) movies with my wife.  
ア. to watching                      イ. watched                      ウ. watch                      エ. watching
- (9) ( ) do you play the piano in a week?                      - Only two days.  
ア. How often                      イ. How many                      ウ. How much                      エ. How
- (10) He is ( ) to the students of the school.  
ア. knows                      イ. knew                      ウ. known                      エ. knowing

4. 次の英文が完成した文になるように並べ替え、( )内で2番目と4番目にくる最も適切なものをそれぞれ1つずつ選び、番号で答えなさい。ただし文頭にくる語も小文字にしている。

- (1) He is (1. soccer players / 2. the most / 3. one / 4. famous / 5. of) in the world.
- (2) My uncle (1. restaurant / 2. me / 3. a nice / 4. took / 5. to) yesterday.
- (3) (1. a beautiful / 2. this / 3. like / 4. garden / 5. looks) picture.
- (4) She (1. to Japan / 2. Japanese / 3. to / 4. enjoy / 5. came) foods.
- (5) (1. are / 2. in this town / 3. still / 4. you / 5. why)?
- (6) (1. the meaning / 2. English word / 3. know / 4. do you / 5. of this)?
- (7) (1. to my teacher / 2. to write / 3. it is / 4. for her / 5. easy) in English.
- (8) (1. usually / 2. in / 3. to me / 4. she / 5. comes) the morning.
- (9) (1. since last / 2. been very / 3. famous / 4. has / 5. this shop) year.
- (10) My car (1. as / 2. not / 3. yours / 4. is / 5. large as).

5. 日本語の意味に合うように、英文の( )に入る最も適切な単語をそれぞれ1つずつ答えなさい。

(1) ボブは水曜日に私達の学校に来ます。

Bob comes to our school ( ) ( ).

(2) 彼らはちょうど私達のために夕食を作り終えたところだ。

They have ( ) finished ( ) dinner for us.

(3) それは私にとって興味深い話だった。

It was ( ) ( ) story for me.

(4) 彼女はその博物館へ行くために9時30分に家を出発しました。

She ( ) home at 9:30 to visit the ( ).

(5) 昨年、あなたに英語を教えていたのは誰ですか。

( ) ( ) English to you last year?

(6) 彼女は私のクラスの全ての生徒達の中で最も人気がある歌手だ。

She is the most popular singer ( ) all the students ( ) my class.

(7) この橋は2010年に建てられました。

This ( ) was built ( ) 2010.

(8) 彼の大好きな科目は理科です。

His ( ) subject is ( ).

(9) 私の息子は、来年10月イギリスへ行く。

My ( ) will go to England next ( ).

(10) その電車は正午に駅に到着するでしょう。

The train will ( ) at the station at ( ).

6. 次の単語のうち、下線部の発音が他の3つと異なるものをそれぞれ1つずつ選び、記号で答えなさい。

(1) ア. enough                      イ. every                      ウ. eleven                      エ. remember

(2) ア. love                              イ. won                              ウ. lot                              エ. other

(3) ア. look                              イ. good                              ウ. foot                              エ. moon

(4) ア. first                              イ. please                              ウ. lose                              エ. visit

(5) ア. through                              イ. weather                              ウ. thousand                              エ. third

7. 次の[A][B]の会話文を読んで、その会話が成立するよう、( )に入る最も適切なものをそれぞれ下から1つずつ選び、記号で答えなさい。ただし、同じ記号を2度使うことはできない。

[A] 日本人の高校生ケンが、英会話の Mark 先生と会話をしています。

- Mark : Ken, are you going to study in New York next year?  
Ken : Yes. I am going there to study music.  
Mark : Why do you choose New York? There are many places to study music in the world.  
Ken : I have one big reason. My uncle lives there. ( 1 ) Do you know New York well?  
Mark : Yes, I do. I lived there when I was a child. ( 2 ) I like the Central Park the best. Many people enjoy sports on weekends.  
Ken : Wow, I want to go there.  
Mark : It is a very nice place for you. ( 3 ) In New York, there are a lot of people from around the world to study music. ( 4 )  
Ken : Oh, it sounds very nice.  
Mark : When will you come back?  
Ken : I don't know. ( 5 ).  
Mark : It is very important to find something new. I hope you enjoy studying music.  
Ken : Thank you very much!

- ア. I still remember some very beautiful places there.  
イ. After studying music there, I am going to visit many cities in America.  
ウ. By playing music together, you can make friends with them.  
エ. He teaches music to the students from Japan.  
オ. A lot of people enjoy music there, too.

[B] カナダに留学中のサキが、現地の高校で友達の Grace と会話をしています。

- Grace : Saki, do you want to go skiing with me?  
Saki : Yes, I do. ( 6 )  
Grace : I know. We are going to have very important tests next week. You have to leave Canada in three weeks. Before you leave, I want to go skiing with you.  
Saki : Thank you! I have also wanted to go skiing with you. ( 7 )  
Grace : In my father's \**hometown*. ( 8 )  
Saki : I am happy to hear that. Have you ever enjoyed skiing in many places?  
Grace : Yes, I have. I go skiing every winter. I have enjoyed skiing in many countries too. About five years ago, I visited Hokkaido with my family. I enjoyed skiing, and also Japanese foods.  
Saki : ( 9 )  
Grace : Of course, yes. I will bring them tomorrow. ( 10 )  
Saki : OK, I will. See you tomorrow, Grace. Have a good day!

\**hometown* 「故郷」

- カ. I love skiing, but I have been very busy since last week.  
キ. Come to my classroom when you are free.  
ク. Can I see the pictures of Hokkaido?  
ケ. Where are you going to ski?  
コ. He has a large house with three bedrooms there.

受験番号

2021年度 入学試験

得点	※

# 英語解答用紙

◎受験番号のみ記入すること。

※印のところは記入しないこと。

1	(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	※	
2	(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	※	
3	(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	※	
	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)		
4	2番目 4番目		2番目 4番目		2番目 4番目		※
	(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)		
	2番目 4番目		2番目 4番目		2番目 4番目		
	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)		
5	(1)						※
	(2)						
	(3)						
	(4)						
	(5)						
	(6)						
	(7)						
	(8)						
	(9)						
	(10)						
6	(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	※	
7	(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	※	
	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)		

受験番号

2021年度 入学試験

英語解答用紙

※
得点

◎受験番号のみ記入すること。

※印のところは記入しないこと。

1	(1)	ア	(2)	イ	(3)	ア	(4)	エ	(5)	イ	※	3点×5					
2	(1)	エ	(2)	ア	(3)	ア	(4)	ウ	(5)	イ	※	2点×5					
3	(1)	ア	(2)	イ	(3)	エ	(4)	イ	(5)	ア	※	1点×10					
	(6)	イ	(7)	ウ	(8)	エ	(9)	ア	(10)	ウ							
4	(1)	2番目	4番目	(2)	2番目	4番目	(3)	2番目	4番目	(4)	2番目	4番目	(5)	2番目	4番目	※	2点×10 (完答)
		5	4		2	3		4	3		1	4		1	3		
4	(6)	2番目	4番目	(7)	2番目	4番目	(8)	2番目	4番目	(9)	2番目	4番目	(10)	2番目	4番目	※	2点×10 (完答)
		3	5		5	2		1	3		4	3		2	5		
5	(1)	on					Wednesday					※	2点×10 (完答)				
	(2)	just					cooking / making										
	(3)	an					interesting										
	(4)	left					museum										
	(5)	Who					taught										
	(6)	of / among					in										
	(7)	bridge					in										
	(8)	favorite					science										
	(9)	son					October										
	(10)	arrive					noon										
6	(1)	イ	(2)	ウ	(3)	エ	(4)	ア	(5)	イ	※	1点×5					
7	(1)	エ	(2)	ア	(3)	オ	(4)	ウ	(5)	イ	※	2点×10					
	(6)	カ	(7)	ケ	(8)	コ	(9)	ク	(10)	キ							